

GraphLang: A DMRS graph description language

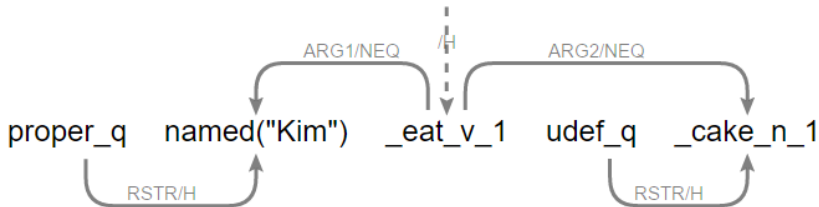
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DELPH-IN Summit, 2016

GraphLang

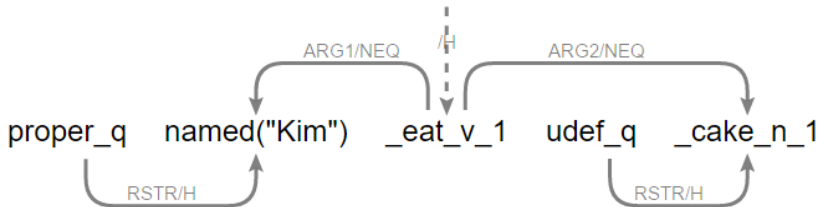
A DMRS graph description language



`proper_q --> named(Kim) <-1- _eat_v_1 -2-> _cake_n_1 <-- udef_q`

GraphLang

A DMRS graph description language



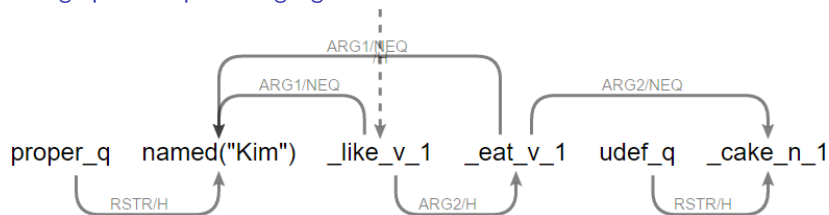
`proper_q --> named(Kim) <-1- _eat_v_1 -2-> _cake_n_1 <-- udef_q`

Motivation:

- ▶ Succinct and easily read-/writeable representation for DMRS
- ▶ DMRS formalism similar to MRS formalisms like Oepen et al. (2004)
- ▶ Useful if one wants to quickly specify a DMRS graph, e.g. for debugging

GraphLang

A DMRS graph description language



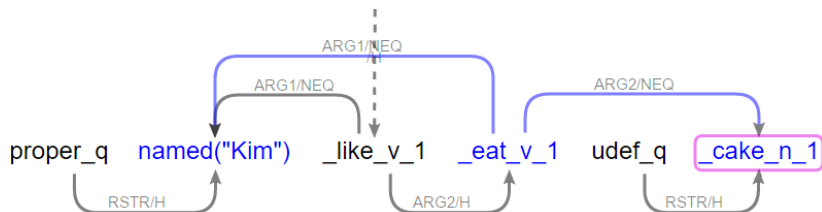
```
proper_q --> subj:named(Kim) x[3s+_] <-1- _like_v_1 e[ppi--];  
:_like_v_1 -2h-> _eat_v_1 e[pui--] -2-> _cake_n_1 x[3s_...] <-- udef_q;  
:_eat_v_1 -1-> :subj
```

Features:

- ▶ Sortinfo syntax (short form): e[pui--], textttx[3s_...]
- ▶ Node identifier via colon prefix: subj:named
- ▶ Referring back to nodes via leading colon: :_like_v_1, :subj

Matching & mapping

Search



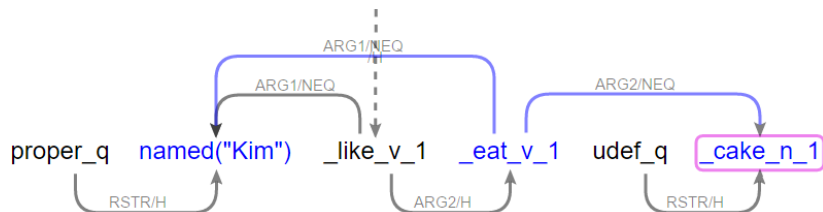
node <-1- _eat_v_1 e? -2-> _?obj_n_1 x?

Features:

- ▶ Underspecification of nodes or parts of their properties
- ▶ Identifier suffix for querying

Matching & mapping

Search



```
node <-1- _eat_v_1 e? -2-> _?obj_n_1 x?
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Features:

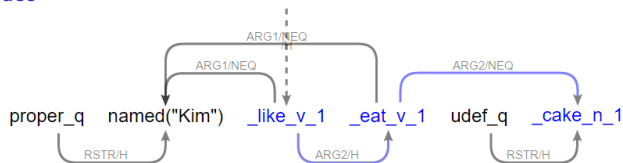
- ▶ Underspecification of nodes or parts of their properties
- ▶ Identifier suffix for querying

Query tool:

```
> python3 dmrs.py "Kim likes to eat cake."  
  | python3 query.py "node <-1- _eat_v_1 e? -2-> _?obj_n_1 x?"  
{'obj': 'cake'}
```

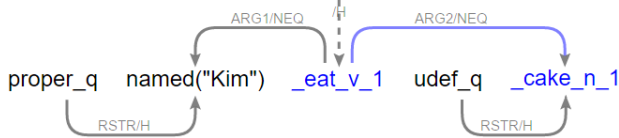
Matching & mapping

Replace



[1]:_like_v_1 e? -2h-> _eat_v_1 e? -2-> [2]:_?_n.? x?

⇒



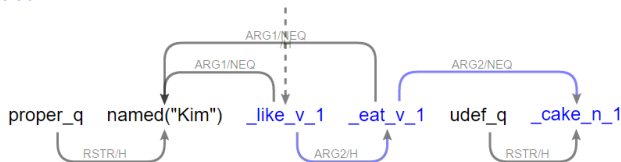
[1]:_eat_v_1 e? -2-> [2]:_?_n.? x?

Features:

- ▶ Node identifier (with square brackets) for mapping alignment

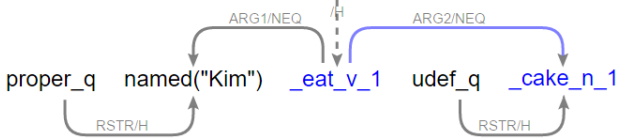
Matching & mapping

Replace



[1]:_like_v_1 e? -2h-> _eat_v_1 e? -2-> [2]:_?_n.? x?

⇒



[1]:_eat_v_1 e? -2-> [2]:_?_n.? x?

Features:

- ▶ Node identifier (with square brackets) for mapping alignment

Paraphrase tool:

```
> python3 paraphrase.py paraphrases.txt "Kim likes to eat cake."
```

Kim eats cake.

More specialised concepts

Optional node: *“at (long) last”* → *“finally”*

Search: [1]:_at_p e[pui--] -2-> _last_n_1 x[3s+_] <-- idiom_q_i;

(2):_long_a_1 e[pui--] =1=> :_last_n_1

Replace: [1]:_final_a_1 e[pui--]

More specialised concepts

Optional node: *“at (long) last”* → *“finally”*

Search: [1]:_at_p e[pui--] -2-> _last_n_1 x[3s+_] <-- idiom_q_i;
(2):_long_a_1 e[pui_] =1=> :_last_n_1

Replace: [1]:_final_a_1 e[pui--]

Subgraph node: *“Kim eats apple cake.”* → *“What does Kim eat?”*

Search: *[1]:_v e[p????] -2-> {2}:node

Replace: *[1]:_v e[q????] -2-> [2]:thing x <-- which_q

More specialised concepts

Optional node: *“at (long) last”* → *“finally”*

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Subgraph node: *“Kim eats apple cake.”* → *“What does Kim eat?”*

Search: *[1]:_v e[p????] -2-> {2}:node

Replace: *[1]:_v e[q????] -2-> [2]:thing x <-- which_q

Equality constraint: *“I think I will go.”* → *“I am thinking of going.”*

Search: [1]:node=1 <-1- [2]:_think_v_1 e[????-] -2h-> [3]:_v e[pfi--];
:3 -1-> node=1

Replace: [1]:node <-1- [2]:_think_v_of e[????+] -2-> nominalization x;
undef_q --> :nominalization =1h=> [3]:_v e[pui+]

Applications

- ▶ Robust text query, e.g. for ontology extraction from WikiWoods
- ▶ Paraphrasing (examples in pydmrs)
- ▶ Sentence simplification/normalisation
- ▶ Machine translation, similar to the MRS transfer formalism of e.g. Bond et al. (2011) or Oepen et al. (2004)
- ▶ Mapping between graph formalisms or to/from simplified “DMRS graphs”, e.g. Guy’s robot language
- ▶ Other ideas?